

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS  
MARSHALL DIVISION

- - -

PATTY BEALL, MATTHEW MAXWELL, )  
DAVID GRAVELY, TALINA MCELHANY, )  
KELLY HAMPTON, CASEY BROWN, )  
JASON BONNER, KEVIN TULLOS, )  
ANTHONY DODD, ILENE MEYERS, )  
TOM O'HAVER, JOY BIBLES, DON )  
LOCCHI and MELISSA PASTOR, )  
Individually and on behalf of )  
all others similarly situated; )

Plaintiffs )

vs. )

2:08-cv-422-TJW

TYLER TECHNOLOGIES, INC., and )  
EDP ENTERPRISES, INC. )

Defendants. )

DEPOSITION OF

CHRISTOPHER HEPBURN

PORTLAND, MAINE

AUGUST 18, 2010

ATKINSON-BAKER, INC.  
COURT REPORTERS  
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REPORTED BY: Cheryl C. Pieske, RMR

FILE NO.: A40636E

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Deposition of CHRISTOPHER HEPBURN, taken on  
behalf of Plaintiff, at Congress Street, Portland, Maine,  
commencing at 8:32 a.m., Wednesday, August 18, 2010, before  
Cheryl C. Pieske, RMR, Court Reporter and Notary  
Public.

1           A.    I wouldn't say that. That is -- questions and           08:58:47  
2           answers are one example. There could be others, off the           08:58:51  
3           top of my head, of what I had conducted.           08:58:54

4           Q.    Okay. Like what?           08:58:57

5           A.    Another example would be their banking. Did           08:58:58  
6           they want positive pay, did I have to contact the bank,           08:59:07  
7           obtain bank files. So that would be something that I           08:59:11  
8           would have done on behalf of the client, but it wouldn't           08:59:14  
9           be a question-and-answer session --           08:59:17

10          Q.    Uh-hmm.           08:59:18

11          A.    -- in that type of analysis.           08:59:19

12          Q.    Was that part of your normal duties, or was           08:59:21  
13          that something that was -- just came up on occasion?           08:59:23

14          MR. McKEEBY: Object to the form of the question.           08:59:26  
15          You can answer.           08:59:32

16          A.    Every single client is different. Every single           08:59:33  
17          implementation is different. There is no -- there is no           08:59:38  
18          cookie cutter approach. So it's hard for me to answer           08:59:42  
19          that because at Client A, I may have dealt with the           08:59:45  
20          banking items. At Client B I may not have. So it's -- I           08:59:50  
21          think the example is just that. It's an example but not           08:59:57  
22          meant to imply that that's -- that there was a set -- a           09:00:01  
23          set model that was repeatable.           09:00:08

24          Q.    There would be things that would come up           09:00:11  
25          repetitively though, correct?           09:00:13

1	A. Certainly.	09:00:14
2	Q. What types of things would come up	09:00:18
3	repetitively?	09:00:20
4	A. In a financial application and payroll	09:00:20
5	application and tax and utilities, which is what MUNIS	09:00:30
6	is, you would have a chart of accounts, you would have	09:00:34
7	vendors, you would have employees, you would have	09:00:38
8	customers that you were going to bill. You'd have those	09:00:40
9	repetitive situations that you would need to establish in	09:00:44
10	the software.	09:00:49
11	Q. And the software didn't change, correct, unless	09:00:49
12	there was a new version or, you know, something like that	09:00:53
13	happened?	09:00:56
14	A. I would say it changed a lot.	09:00:56
15	Q. Okay. How did it change?	09:00:58
16	A. There are -- the developers are showing up to	09:00:59
17	work every day. They're constantly changing the	09:01:06
18	software. That's their job. So I would expect at client	09:01:09
19	A to work with a version of software that was different	09:01:14
20	from client B.	09:01:17
21	Q. Uh-hmm.	09:01:17
22	A. I guess I was just -- just used to that.	09:01:18
23	Q. And the versions that would come in and change,	09:01:21
24	would they be updates?	09:01:24
25	A. You could have two paths. An update is	09:01:25

1	A. That depends on many factors.	09:45:59
2	Q. Like what?	09:46:05
3	A. Does the individual implementor have the	09:46:06
4	expertise to do that, does the project manager want to	09:46:11
5	delegate that function to the implementor, how many	09:46:17
6	projects is the project manager working with, how many	09:46:25
7	implementors that project manager has reporting to him or	09:46:30
8	her relative to the number of projects, meaning are they	09:46:33
9	forced to delegate more often than not.	09:46:37
10	Q. So it may be an aspect of managerial style or	09:46:40
11	practice?	09:46:44
12	A. One -- that would be one potential reason.	09:46:44
13	Q. Uh-hmm. Anything else?	09:46:47
14	A. The ones I mentioned are what come to my mind.	09:46:51
15	Q. Okay. How else do you believe the job duties	09:46:54
16	or functions of the implementation specialist at ERP are	09:47:01
17	different from other divisions?	09:47:07
18	A. There are numerous examples. I will provide	09:47:08
19	another.	09:47:20
20	Q. Let me stop you and withdraw the question, and	09:47:22
21	maybe it will be easier to do it this way. I'm trying to	09:47:25
22	get things to be as brief as possible.	09:47:28
23	A. Okay.	09:47:30
24	Q. How are they similar to the job functions	09:47:30
25	performed by implementation specialists in other	09:47:36

1 divisions? 09:47:38

2 A. How are they similar? Can you provide more 09:47:41

3 detail as to what -- 09:48:10

4 Q. Well, let's use what you have described as far 09:48:11

5 as what you did as a template. Maybe that's easier. 09:48:17

6 You've already testified that the ERP implementation 09:48:23

7 specialists may or may not analyze the current business 09:48:27

8 practices of the client. Correct? 09:48:30

9 A. At ERP? 09:48:31

10 Q. At ERP. Correct? 09:48:33

11 A. Correct. 09:48:35

12 Q. And they may or may not determine the 09:48:36

13 defendant's -- the client's, excuse me, business 09:48:40

14 practices or what they want to change also, correct, that 09:48:43

15 question and answer? 09:48:46

16 A. At ERP. 09:48:47

17 Q. At ERP. Do the implementation specialists 09:48:48

18 configure the software to adhere to the client's needs at 09:48:52

19 ERP? 09:48:57

20 A. Not every implementor. 09:48:57

21 Q. Okay. Which ones do, which ones don't? 09:49:03

22 A. Based on experience. 09:49:07

23 Q. Uh-hmm. And what level? Where is the cutoff? 09:49:10

24 A. Well, the -- experience is not something that's 09:49:13

25 clear-cut in terms of -- you might think it's years. 09:49:22

1 Well, it's not. It's states that you work in. Every 09:49:27  
2 state is different. Do you have the experience within a 09:49:32  
3 particular state. The application that you're working 09:49:34  
4 in, do you have experience within the particular 09:49:39  
5 application. You might be an expert of payroll within 09:49:41  
6 Massachusetts. You are not going to configure payroll 09:49:47  
7 for New York. It's too different. 09:49:50  
8 Q. But I guess my question is do they configure 09:49:54  
9 software to adhere to the client's needs within the area 09:49:59  
10 that they're assigned? Is that something that's part of 09:50:03  
11 their normal duties? 09:50:06  
12 A. If they have the experience to do that and the 09:50:07  
13 project manager delegates that -- 09:50:13  
14 Q. Okay. 09:50:16  
15 A. -- within the ERP. 09:50:16  
16 Q. Okay. So, once again, it may be up to the 09:50:18  
17 managerial style of the project manager? 09:50:21  
18 A. As one factor to determine that. 09:50:24  
19 Q. Okay. And the other factor would be, I 09:50:28  
20 presume, the experience level? 09:50:30  
21 A. As I've described, experience being product 09:50:32  
22 knowledge, state knowledge, years of service. 09:50:37  
23 Q. Okay. And do the implementation specialists or 09:50:41  
24 consultants at ERP review that configuration with the 09:50:46  
25 client and get the client acceptance? 09:50:50

1	A. Not all.	09:50:54
2	Q. Once again, we're back to managerial style?	09:50:59
3	A. Style and experience.	09:51:02
4	Q. Do they review the conversion files and load	09:51:04
5	conversion files?	09:51:07
6	A. Not all.	09:51:08
7	Q. Okay. So we're back to managerial style and	09:51:09
8	experience?	09:51:12
9	A. Correct.	09:51:13
10	Q. Okay. Do they educate the senior staff and the	09:51:13
11	user staff or train them?	09:51:17
12	A. That would be an area that would be more	09:51:19
13	predominant across -- across all implementors, meaning	09:51:24
14	that our less experienced implementors do transfer	09:51:29
15	knowledge, our more experienced do transfer knowledge,	09:51:35
16	and our project managers within ERP transfer knowledge.	09:51:37
17	So in that area the implementors would -- that particular	09:51:40
18	function would apply to the implementation position.	09:51:44
19	Q. Okay. When you say the implementation	09:51:48
20	position, are you referring to as it pertains to	09:51:51
21	implementors across all of the different divisions?	09:51:54
22	A. No. I was still referring to just ERP in that	09:51:57
23	example.	09:52:00
24	Q. Okay. So are you saying that that's the	09:52:00
25	primary job duty of the implementors at ERP is to educate	09:52:02

1 that we haven't discussed? 10:04:09

2 A. Not that I can recall right now. 10:04:10

3 Q. Okay. Now, let's move on to Eden. 10:04:17

4 A. Sure. 10:04:22

5 Q. What do the implementation specialists and 10:04:23

6 consultants -- what are their functions at Eden? 10:04:26

7 A. The organizational structure at Eden is 10:04:29

8 different than MUNIS. The project manager is not a 10:04:33

9 product expert, which means more responsibility falls on 10:04:38

10 the implementation staff to perform all -- virtually all 10:04:47

11 product-related items to get the client live. 10:04:55

12 Q. Okay. And what do they have to do? 10:04:59

13 A. They would -- they would perform the analysis, 10:05:03

14 the to-be model definition, the configuration, marrying 10:05:14

15 of the to-be model to the configuration, and work with 10:05:19

16 the client to execute that, and then the added 10:05:25

17 responsibility to educate the project manager, who is not 10:05:29

18 a product expert, on where the project is relative to 10:05:32

19 milestones. 10:05:37

20 Q. Okay. And would they do training as well? 10:05:38

21 A. That would be one component of their job. 10:05:43

22 Q. Okay. And then do they assist in the -- or do 10:05:45

23 they do the -- receive the client acceptance, review the 10:05:49

24 conversion files and load conversion files? 10:05:55

25 A. That would be also part of their job. 10:05:57

1 Q. And do they assist in the go-live in the ways 10:05:59  
2 we've discussed before? 10:06:02  
3 A. That would also be part of their job. 10:06:03  
4 Q. And do they assist in go-live support? 10:06:04  
5 A. Correct. 10:06:07  
6 Q. Okay. And based upon what you have told me, it 10:06:09  
7 sounds like it's your testimony that the implementation 10:06:13  
8 specialists at Eden perform predominantly the kind of 10:06:16  
9 tasks that you performed when you were an implementation 10:06:20  
10 specialist; is that correct? 10:06:25  
11 A. The -- predominantly, I would say generally 10:06:34  
12 they perform similar tasks. The difference is just 10:06:39  
13 organizational structure where when I was at MUNIS, I had 10:06:46  
14 a project manager who was a product expert who was 10:06:52  
15 engaged in the project. At Eden, the project manager is 10:06:59  
16 not a product expert, meaning that their implementation 10:07:03  
17 consultants have a higher degree of responsibility than I 10:07:09  
18 had. 10:07:13  
19 Q. Okay. And is that how it is now or how it has 10:07:13  
20 always been? 10:07:17  
21 A. They have -- at Eden or MUNIS? 10:07:18  
22 Q. Both places. 10:07:21  
23 A. MUNIS has -- MUNIS has -- for my 17 years, all 10:07:22  
24 but 1 1/2 years has been organized in the project 10:07:37  
25 manager/implementor combination with a project manager as 10:07:40

1 time. 10:09:57

2 MR. McKEEBY: This is at INCODE? 10:09:57

3 THE DEPONENT: At INCODE dealing with -- and when we 10:09:59

4 get to it, Courts, and I can describe more later. 10:10:03

5 A. So that provides a level of, I would say, 10:10:10

6 management, getting all of your applications lined up to 10:10:21

7 go live at the same time where the Eden, the MUNIS, and 10:10:27

8 even INCODE financials can be staggered. You could do 10:10:31

9 financials one day, payroll one day. You could stagger 10:10:36

10 it out. But they have a different burden because you 10:10:39

11 want all of your courts and your public safety up and 10:10:44

12 running at one fell swoop so that when the sheriff pulls 10:10:49

13 someone over and they have an outstanding warrant for 10:10:53

14 them, that sheriff needs to know that or that sheriff 10:10:55

15 could be in trouble. So they have to -- the 10:10:59

16 implementation consultants because they don't have a 10:11:02

17 product -- project manager who is a product expert have 10:11:04

18 that added burden of managing multi-tasking that the Eden 10:11:08

19 folks and MUNIS folks don't have. 10:11:13

20 Q. And so I might understand correctly, because it 10:11:15

21 needs to go live at the same time, it's really a timing 10:11:18

22 issue? 10:11:21

23 A. It's -- it's -- I'd call it a project 10:11:22

24 management juggling issue. 10:11:25

25 Q. Uh-hmm. 10:11:28

1	A. And, remember, the product -- the project	10:11:29
2	manager is not a product expert. They're less -- a less	10:11:30
3	talented staff member than, say, their MUNIS	10:11:37
4	counterparts.	10:11:40
5	Q. I know that that's the term you're giving it,	10:11:41
6	but how is it to you considered a project management	10:11:43
7	issue?	10:11:47
8	A. The project -- can you clarify your question?	10:11:49
9	Q. I'm just going off of your answer. I am sorry.	10:11:56
10	But you said you know you would call it a project	10:11:58
11	management burden, I believe --	10:12:00
12	A. Uh-hmm.	10:12:00
13	Q. -- if I recall your testimony correctly, and	10:12:06
14	I'm just curious as to how it is a project management	10:12:09
15	burden?	10:12:13
16	A. The implementation consultant is leading the	10:12:13
17	project at Eden and at INCODE. They are the product	10:12:18
18	expert. They're engaged with the client, marrying the	10:12:23
19	product and the project, and they're reporting back to	10:12:29
20	someone, the project manager, who is a scheduling master.	10:12:33
21	Q. So is it -- is it your testimony that there are	10:12:37
22	project managers at Eden and INCODE, but their only	10:12:43
23	function is scheduling?	10:12:49
24	A. It would not be my testimony that their only	10:12:52
25	function is scheduling. I would say that they are	10:12:56

1 less -- their job duties and functions are less -- I'm 10:12:58  
2 looking for the word. What would come less -- less than 10:13:09  
3 their MUNIS counterpart where their MUNIS counterpart is 10:13:12  
4 a product expert and the client expects to talk product, 10:13:16  
5 with their MUNIS project manager expect to be able to 10:13:20  
6 talk configuration, expects to be able to talk about why 10:13:24  
7 decisions were made. 10:13:28  
8 At Eden and INCODE the project manager is not going 10:13:29  
9 to engage in those discussions with the client. They're 10:13:32  
10 going to engage in your project is 50 percent complete 10:13:34  
11 based upon the number of days we have delivered. That's 10:13:41  
12 it. The client is going to have to talk to the 10:13:43  
13 implementation staff member at Eden and INCODE to find 10:13:47  
14 out where they are relative to their project in terms of 10:13:51  
15 knowledge transfer, policies, procedures, to-be model. 10:13:56  
16 It's all the implementation consultant's advice and 10:14:00  
17 counsel. 10:14:03  
18 Q. What are the job duties of the project manager, 10:14:03  
19 then, at Eden and INCODE? 10:14:06  
20 A. They schedule the bull pen. When I say bull 10:14:07  
21 pen, all the implementors go into a calendar, if you 10:14:14  
22 will, and the project manager schedules implementors to 10:14:23  
23 go to client sites; and then when the implementor goes to 10:14:28  
24 the client site, the implementor then runs that project. 10:14:34  
25 So the project manager is scheduling, reviewing, again, 10:14:36

1 Q. Okay. And at MUNIS they do it zero percent of 10:16:16  
2 the time; is that correct? 10:16:24

3 A. That is not correct. I think we discussed 10:16:25  
4 earlier it's the project manager's discretion whether the 10:16:27  
5 project manager would like to do it or they wanted to 10:16:31  
6 delegate that task. So it would depend. 10:16:35

7 Q. Okay. And if at Eden and INCODE it's 10:16:38  
8 100 percent of the time that they do that, what percent 10:16:43  
9 of the time would they spend doing the consulting with 10:16:47  
10 the client versus their other tasks, training and, you 10:16:51  
11 know, assisting with go-live and that type of thing? 10:16:54

12 A. I want to -- I don't like the -- I want to back 10:16:56  
13 up. I don't like the term 100 percent. That's -- that's 10:17:06  
14 too narrow a definition to say that someone at Eden and 10:17:09  
15 INCODE. Some other staff member could work with a client 10:17:11  
16 to do analysis. 10:17:15

17 Q. Like who? 10:17:18

18 A. They might -- it could be someone in the 10:17:18  
19 support department that helps out on occasion. If there 10:17:23  
20 was -- if I didn't have anyone scheduled to go to a 10:17:26  
21 particular client site, we could ask a manager in support 10:17:29  
22 or someone who had product knowledge. So to say it's 10:17:33  
23 100 percent I think is too narrow, but predominantly 10:17:36  
24 within those organizations the implementation specialists 10:17:39  
25 are the ones engaging with clients for the analysis; but 10:17:44

1 Q. Okay. Explain that to me. 11:25:54

2 A. Well, I -- 11:25:54

3 Q. I don't think I understand your answer. 11:25:58

4 A. Well, I -- at Eagle, they might have an 11:26:00

5 internal comfort with allowing their implementors to 11:26:03

6 provide advice and counsel. A better example is 11:26:13

7 Appraisal and Tax. Appraisal and Tax, the seniority of 11:26:19

8 their implementation consultants averages around 11:26:26

9 15 years. They hire very experienced people to come on 11:26:29

10 board. The nature of implementing Appraisal and Tax is 11:26:33

11 extremely unique within Tyler because the audience you're 11:26:38

12 implementing are well educated in the science of property 11:26:42

13 assessment. We have to be well educated in the science 11:26:47

14 of property assessment, which means that we hire a very 11:26:51

15 experienced, very knowledgeable person onto our team; and 11:26:56

16 as such, the implementation consultants at Appraisal and 11:27:02

17 Tax are, as part of their job, consultants, much like the 11:27:08

18 MUNIS consulting team; but they're not differentiated 11:27:13

19 within Tyler as that. 11:27:17

20 Within Courts and Justice, it's expected that when 11:27:18

21 I'm sitting next to someone who has been serving as the 11:27:21

22 local county assessor for 20 years that he or she and I 11:27:24

23 can engage in the science of assessment as relates to our 11:27:29

24 software and they expect our recommendations. Contrast 11:27:33

25 that to the implementor who's going to be training on 11:27:37

1 requisition entry who may have 5 months experience with 11:27:41  
2 Tyler, and someone asks that individual whether or not 11:27:46  
3 they should allow the end user to exceed the budget. 11:27:50  
4 That -- that implementor is not qualified to make that 11:27:54  
5 assessment. They're going to be asked that question, but 11:27:57  
6 they're not qualified to make that assessment. It's just 11:27:59  
7 two different -- two different jobs. 11:28:02

8 Q. Okay. So outside of what you've talked about, 11:28:03  
9 is there any other discretion and judgments that you 11:28:07  
10 claim is associated with the analyzing the business 11:28:10  
11 practices and receiving information about changes they 11:28:14  
12 want to do in the business practice? 11:28:17

13 A. Well, I want to clarify. I think I -- I want 11:28:19  
14 to be on record as saying that the job of analyzing 11:28:22  
15 customer data is all about discretion and independent 11:28:27  
16 judgment, and I gave a particular example. The fact that 11:28:30  
17 I gave one or two examples doesn't mean that there's only 11:28:33  
18 one or two times. It's all the time there's discretion 11:28:36  
19 and independent judgment in my opinion. 11:28:39

20 Q. Once again, in your opinion you're basically 11:28:41  
21 talking about the fact that you are gathering information 11:28:43  
22 from the client about how they would like the software to 11:28:45  
23 work within the particular confines of their business and 11:28:49  
24 what changes they'd like to make maybe from how their 11:28:55  
25 previous software worked, and you receive that 11:28:59

1 isolation, you've -- you're looking for trouble. So the 11:40:09  
2 convert question comes up in the general analysis of how 11:40:15  
3 we're going to define the to-be model, and it's part of 11:40:19  
4 that iterative process. Do I convert payroll? Well, how 11:40:24  
5 about we say yes on the -- no on the employee data but 11:40:29  
6 yes on the W-2 history data. So -- and now I have got to 11:40:33  
7 carry those two discussions all the way through. So when 11:40:37  
8 I'm talking about reporting and quarterly 941 reports, 11:40:41  
9 there is an impact all the way downstream on whether or 11:40:44  
10 not I converted that W-2 information. So it's -- to talk 11:40:47  
11 about conversions in isolation is -- I'm not programmed 11:40:51  
12 to talk about that. 11:40:57

13 Q. The implementation specialist doesn't make 11:40:58  
14 those decisions, you know, on their own, I mean, assuming 11:41:02  
15 they make them at all. We've talked about that many do 11:41:08  
16 not. But assuming that any do, it certainly would not be 11:41:11  
17 done in isolation in the sense of I'm going to come in, 11:41:15  
18 I'm going to analyze what you're doing, I am going to 11:41:18  
19 decide what you need to do and how I need to get it done 11:41:21  
20 through this new software? 11:41:24

21 A. Well, that's incorrect from the standpoint that 11:41:27  
22 at MUNIS they're not alone because you have your project 11:41:31  
23 manager to fall back on, but in Eden and INCODE, you're 11:41:35  
24 it. I mean, you're the implementation consultant. Your 11:41:38  
25 project manager is not going to assist you in the 11:41:41

1 convert-not convert discussion. So you're it. You're it. 11:41:43

2 for Eden, INCODE, anyone else who uses the bull-pen 11:41:47

3 approach. You've got to decide with that client. You're 11:41:51

4 not in isolation because the client is making that 11:41:53

5 decision. 11:41:56

6 Q. That's what I'm talking about. The client is 11:41:56

7 making the decision ultimately? 11:41:57

8 MR. McKEEBY: On convert or not convert? 11:42:00

9 MS. RAY: On -- on what information to convert or 11:42:03

10 not convert. 11:42:04

11 A. Well, I think -- I'm sorry. I didn't let you 11:42:07

12 finish. 11:42:09

13 BY MS. RAY: 11:42:09

14 Q. I mean, are they not? 11:42:09

15 A. The client would just as soon convert 11:42:10

16 everything because it means less work for them. It's the 11:42:17

17 implementation consultant's job to give them the pros and 11:42:20

18 cons of their decisions that they choose to make, meaning 11:42:23

19 I could -- an implementation consultant could tell their 11:42:28

20 client if we convert, you will have more work to do than 11:42:31

21 if we don't convert; and then can that implementation 11:42:34

22 consultant articulate with certainty and conviction why 11:42:39

23 converting data means more work for the client when it 11:42:49

24 would clearly simplistically seem to anyone that 11:42:52

25 converting data would mean less work for a client. And 11:42:56

CERTIFICATE

I, Cheryl C. Pieske, RMR, Notary Public in and for the State of Maine, hereby certify that on AUGUST 18, 2010, personally appeared before me the within-named deponent who was sworn to testify the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth in the aforementioned cause of action; and the foregoing, as reduced to computer type, is a true and accurate record of the evidence as taken by me by means of stenotype.

I further certify that I am a disinterested person in the event or outcome of the aforementioned cause.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I subscribe my hand at Waldo, Maine, this 30th day of August, 2010.

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Cheryl C. Pieske, RMR

Notary Public

My Commission Expires June 25, 2016.